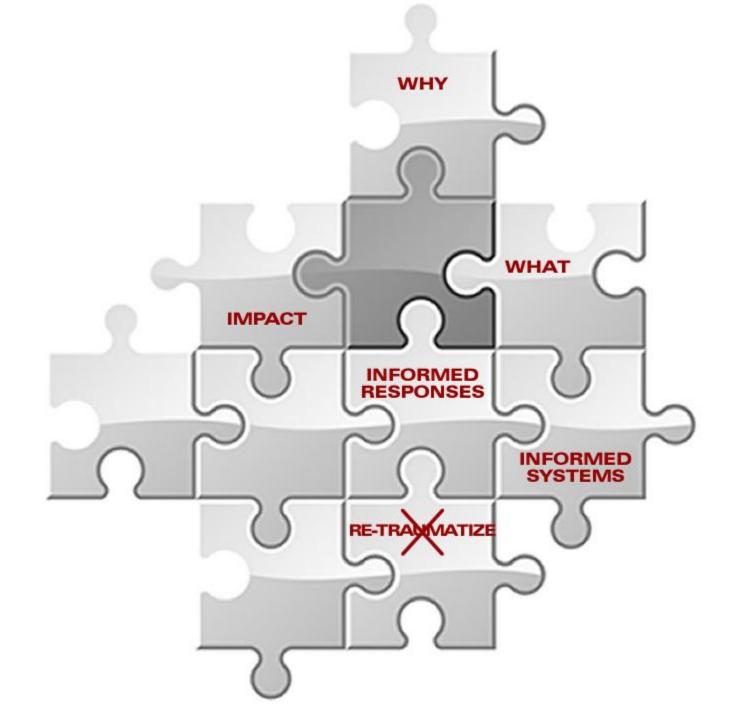


Why Learn About Trauma?



Benefits

How we think about something affects how we respond





National Trauma Statistics

Trauma	NE	S	MW	W
Homicides in 2007 ¹ Total # (Rate) Under age 18 (Rate)	2,397 (4.4)	8,661 (7.8)	3,620 (5.5)	4,095 (5.9)
	355 (2.7)	1,082 (3.7)	587 (3.4)	632 (3.4)
Residential Fire Deaths in 2007 ¹ Total # (Rate) Under age 18 (Rate)	462 (.9)	1,358 (1.2)	688 (1.0)	394 (o.6)
	91 (0.7)	204 (0.7)	133 (0.8)	58 (o.3)
Drowning Deaths in 2007 ¹ Total # (Rate) Under age 18 (Rate)	536 (1.0)	1,774 (1.6)	771 (1.2)	1,005 (1.4)
	112 (0.8)	514 (1.8)	177 (1.0)	230 (1.2)
Suicide Deaths in 2007 ¹ Total # (Rate) Under age 18 (Rate)	4,754 (8.7) 151 (1.1)	13,389 (12.1) 427 (1.5)	7,515 (11.3) 341 (2.0)	8,940 (12.9) 312 (1.7)
Transport-Related Deaths in 2007 ¹ Total # (Rate) Under age 18 (Rate)	5,378 (10)	21,679 (20)	9,313 (14.0)	9,880 (14.0)
	616 (5.0)	2,569 (9.0)	1,218 (7.0)	1,201 (6.0)
Incarceration Rates for 2010 ² Males Females	577 27	1,039 78	735 53	772 60

Centers for Disease Control (<u>www.cdc.gov</u>)

^{2.} Population Reference Bureau (www.prb.org)

Jail Diversion Study

V omen

96% lifetime

74% current **V**en

89% lifetime

86% current

Mental Health Court Study

Abuse (self report)	% Women	% Men
Sexual abuse or rape (prior to age 20)	70	25
Parents hit or threw things at one another	46	27
Parents beat them with belt whip or strap	61	68
Parents hit them with something hard	43	36
Parents beat or really hurt them with their hands	42	36
Parents injured them enough to need medical attention	22	8

V omen

67% child physical abuse

34% current (12 mos.)

Ven

73% child physical abuse

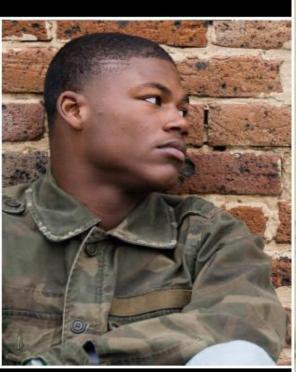
32% current (12 mos.)

Adverse Childhood Experiences Study

ACE Scale Item	%
Abuse	
Physical abuse	15
Emotional abuse	18
Sexual abuse	7
Household instability	
Household mental illness	28
Household substance abuse	17
Parental separation or divorce	41
Parent lost job	20
Other	
Peer victimization (non-sibling)	
Exposure to community violence	
Someone close died from illness/accident	
Disaster	11

The past is never dead. It's not even past. William Faulkner









Understanding the Population



Why We Learn About Trauma

- Develop understanding
- Increase awareness
- Recognize signs
- Learn how to respond

GOAL: Trauma-Informed Responses

- Increase safety
- Reduce recidivism
- Promote recovery

What Is Trauma?



Effect

Activity

Traumatic Events

earning check

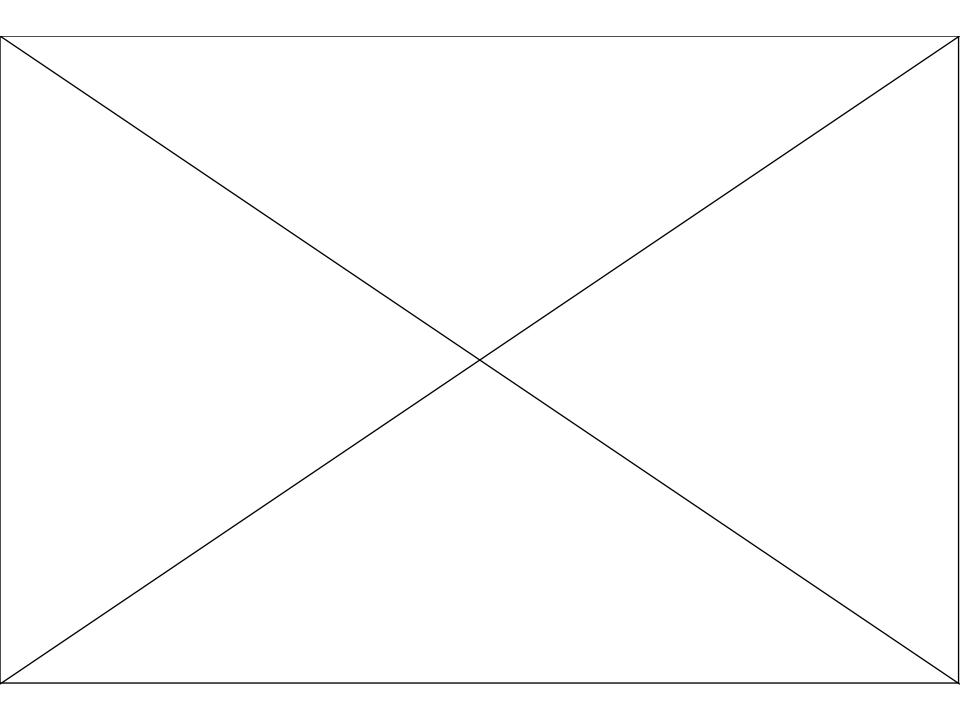
Traumatic Events

- Physical Abuse
- Loss
- Combat or Victim of War
- Community Trauma

- Sexual Abuse
- Witness Violence or Other Traumatic Event
- Historical Trauma



Officer Tully

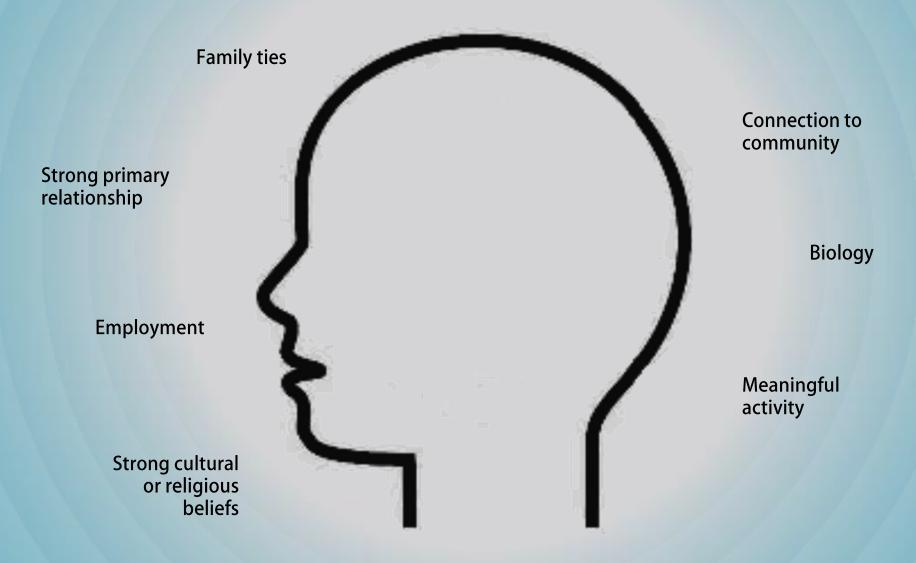




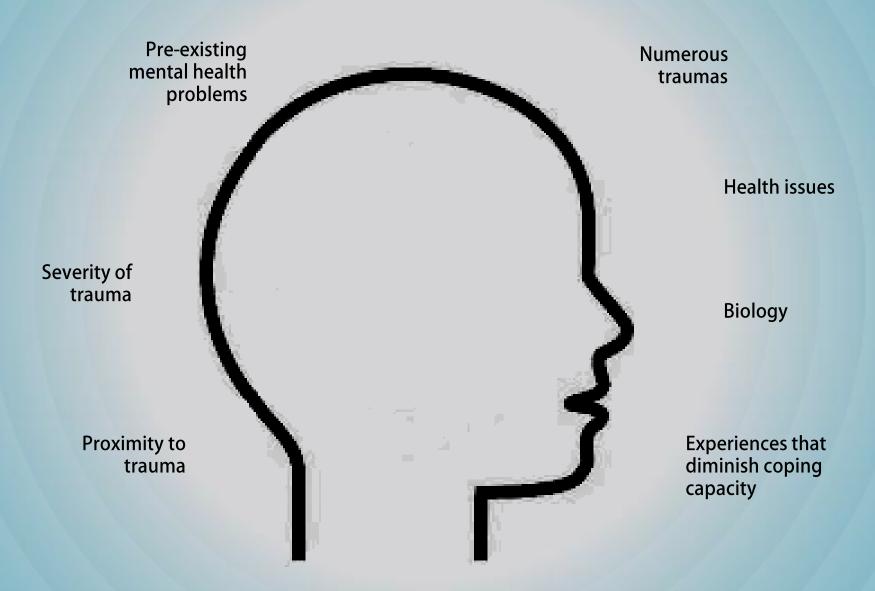
Officer Tully

Resilience Risk

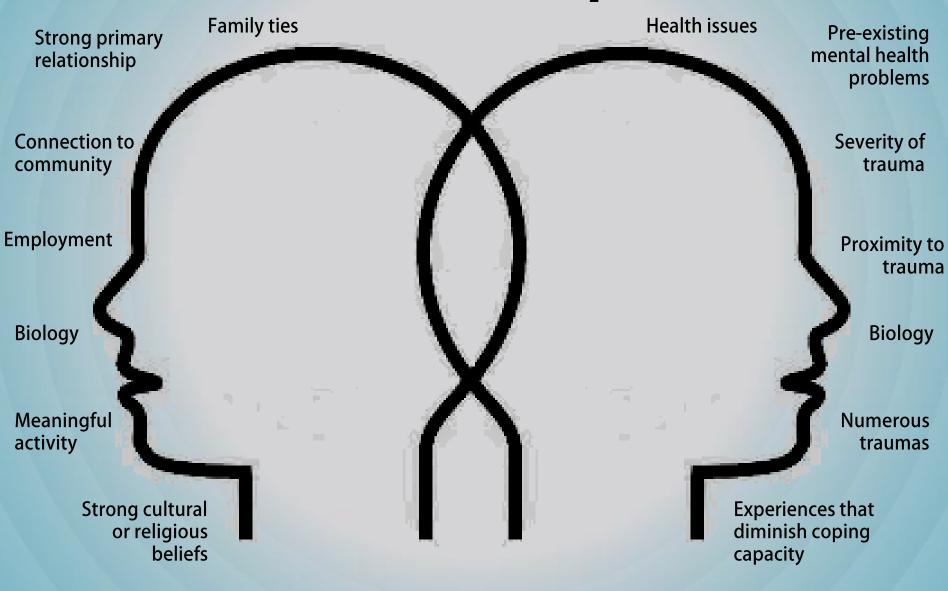
Resilience

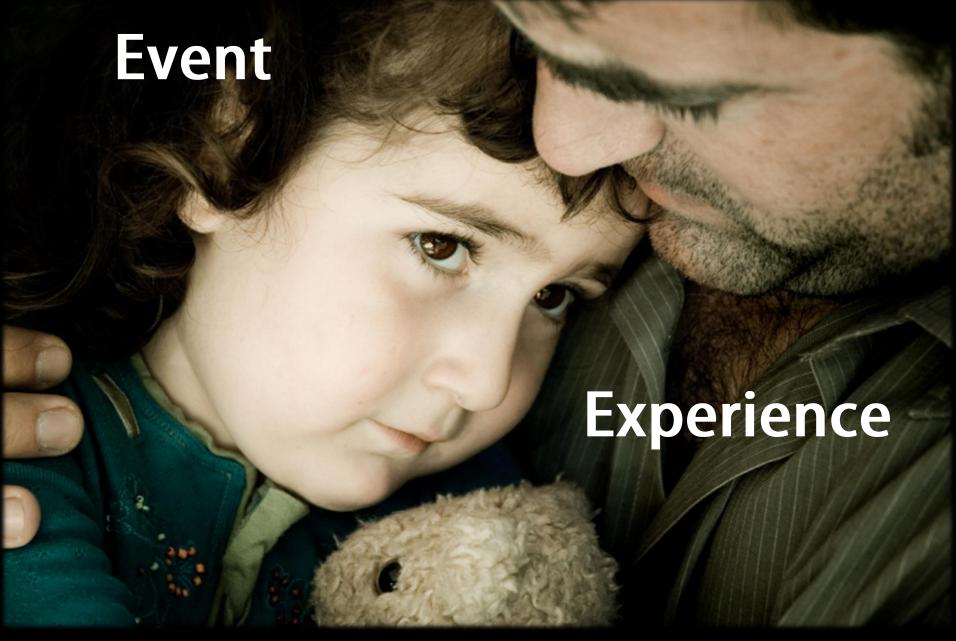


Risk



Individualized Experiences



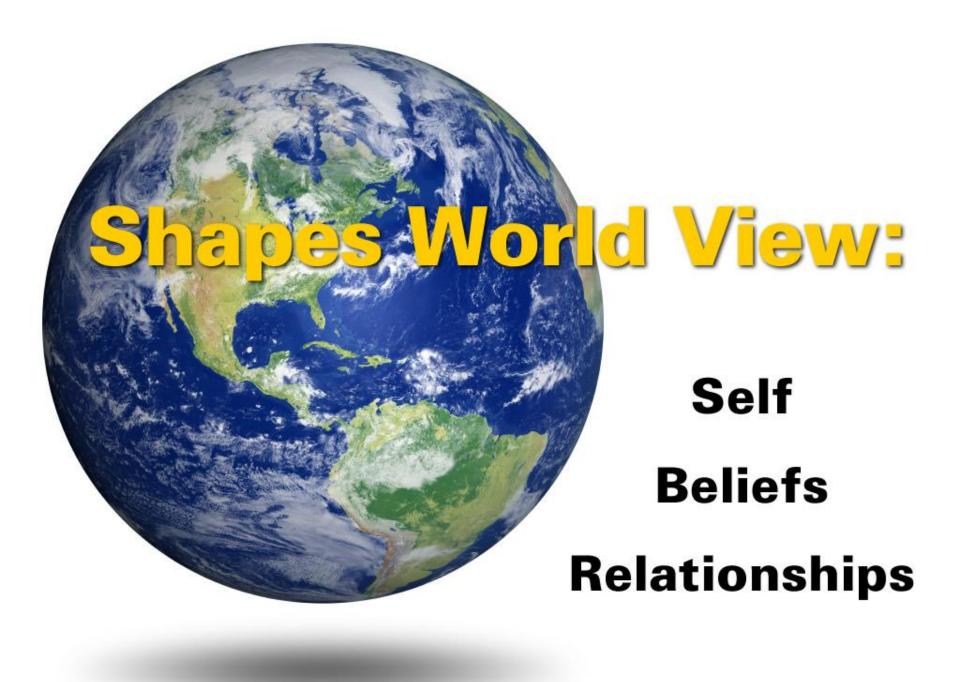


Effect









Trauma Is...

- Event, experience, effect
- Sudden event/ongoing abuse, past/present
- Event is terrifying, threatening, overwhelming
- Impact is pervasive
- Shapes world view
- Individualized Experiences

Many people cope or heal – others get stuck

Gender Differences







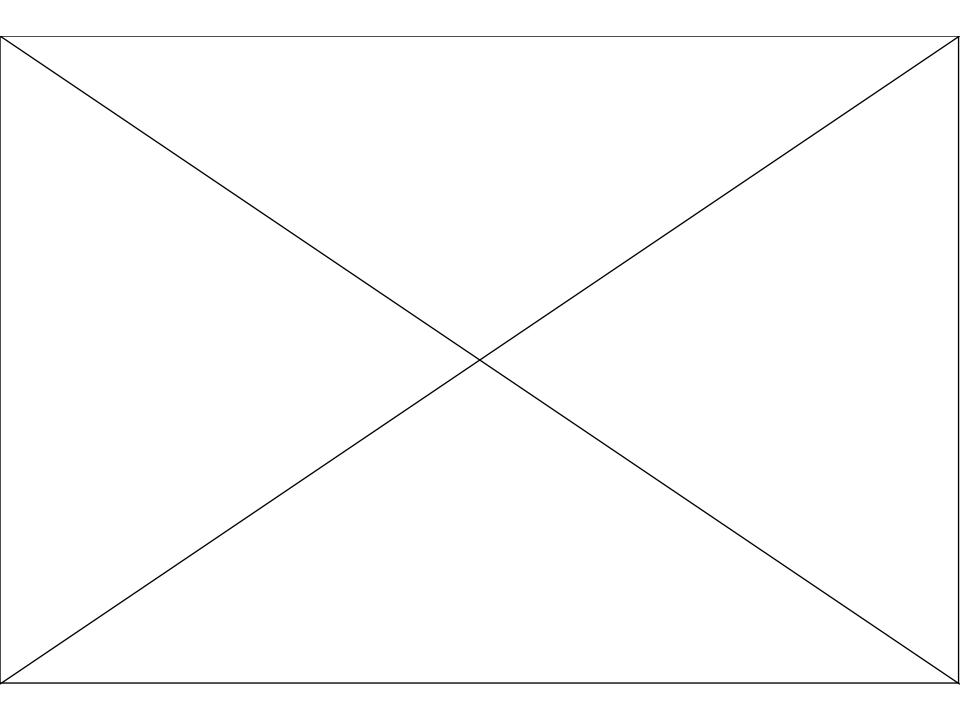






VIDEO

The Cycle of Violence



VIDEO

The Cycle of Violence

Kinds of experiences

- Beatings
- Torture
- Verbal abuse
- Watching parents fight
- Watching siblings or parent get hit

Impact of violence

- Beatings were seen as normal; admired
- I became like him/her...I was abusive
- Violence is a cycle that gets repeated in each generation
- Becoming violent is how I survived
- I saw aggression as strength
- Being a tough guy keeps others at a distance...so you can't hurt me
- Fighting gets respect



Gender Differences

Both women and men experience similar events, but differ in:

- Events reported
- Thinking
- Coping
- Impact
- Culture

Trauma's Effects





BEHAVIOR

SURVIVAL

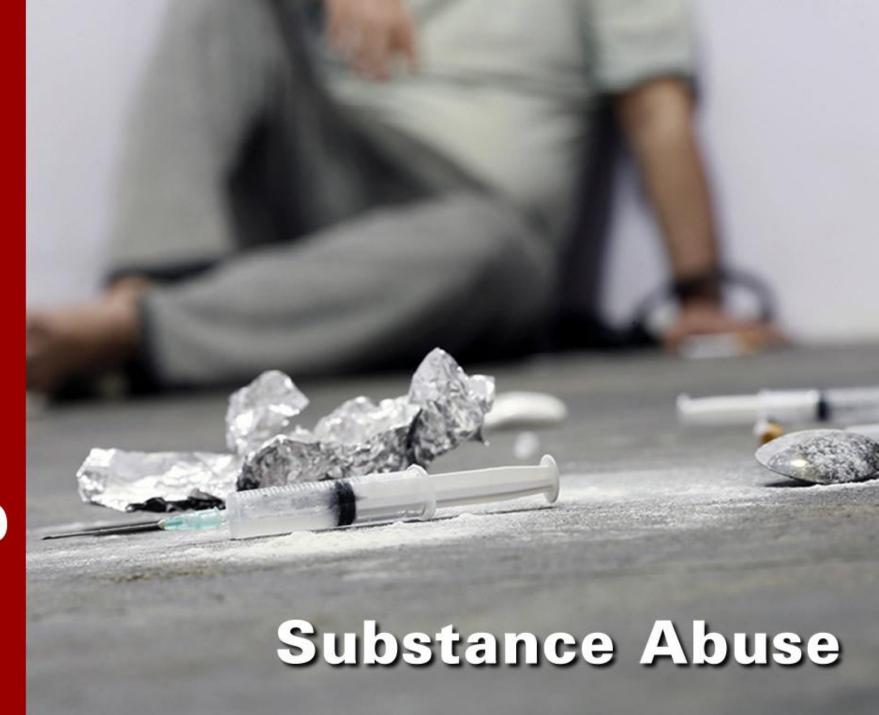
Long-term Effect

Substance Abuse Behavioral Problems



Poor Relationships

Mental Health









Signs...

- Missed/late to work
- Back to wall
- Distracted; concentration poor
- "Spacing out"
- Easily startled
- Doesn't like people close

- Doesn't like to be touched
- Hyper-vigilance
- Behavioral problems
- Mood fluctuations
- Aggressive/angry
- Suicidal gestures

Trauma's Effects

Affects broad aspects life

- Behavior can =
 - Coping
 - Attempts to survive

Trauma-Informed Responses



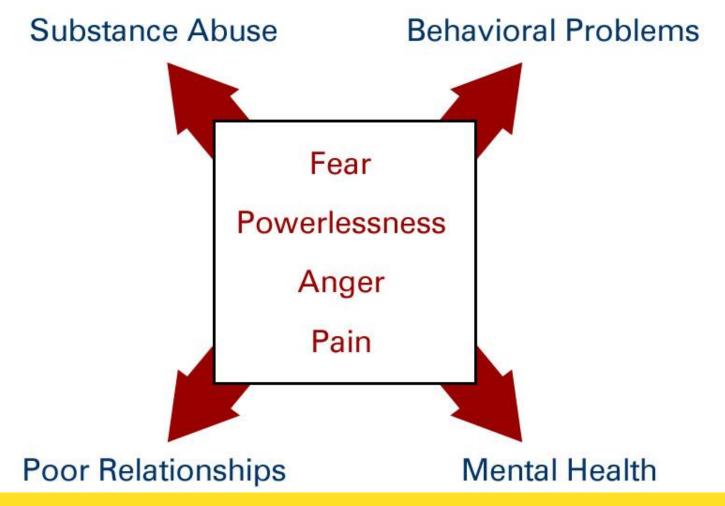
AVOID

Overreacting Inappropriate use of authority

RESPOND

BELAWOR

Long-term Effect



How do we respond?

Trustworthiness

Respect

Choice

Collaboration

Empowerment

Responding to Behavior

- Flexible with consequences
- Sensitive to fear
- Patience
- Don't take it personally
- Support/motivate/link to treatment

Courts

- Handcuffs
- Holding cells
- Escort defendant
- Judge on bench/separated (authority)
- Public trials
- Conditions determined
- Orders

Becoming a Trauma-Informed Court

Step 1

Develop an awareness of:

- What trauma is
- The extent of trauma in the criminal justice system
- The impact of trauma

Step 2

Review policies & procedures of your courtroom to:

- Screen/assess for trauma
- Reduce the impact of trauma
- Avoid re-traumatizing

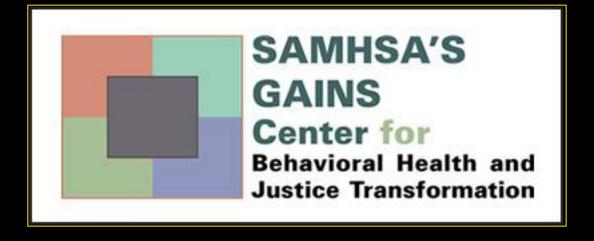
Step 3

Know what trauma-specific services are in your community & how to access them

Step 4

Implement trauma-informed procedures to facilitate safety, recovery, and success

For More Information



http://gainscenter.samhsa.gov

GAINS@prainc.com





Closing



Please complete the evaluation form at the end of the program